

Incidental Take Conservation Plan
Unnamed tributary to Waupecan Creek, Grundy County Illinois
A part of the SE ¼ of Section 1, Township 31N, R 5E, 3 PM LaSalle County Illinois and
The SW ¼ of Section 6, Township 31N, R6E. 3PM, Grundy County Illinois.

LYB Project 4056.02

Prepared for Illinois Department of Natural Resources Permit Number 2012-1677

Prepared by

Lewis Yockey & Brown, Inc 505 N. Main Street Bloomington, IL 61701 1-7-14

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## Section 1.0 Introduction

The project is the improvements to the approach grades to the Railroad Crossing of East 30<sup>th</sup> Road in Allen Township with the Norfolk Southern Railroad. An unnamed tributary to Waupecan creek runs along the east side of East 30<sup>th</sup> Road and functions as the roadside ditch. As a part of this project this unnamed tributary will be shifted east to accommodate a safer roadway with flatter side slopes. This plan is to provide a conservation outline for the incidental taking of the Slippershell mussel (*Alasmidonta viridis*), which have been found to be living in the areas affected by our project.

## Section 2.0 Description of Impact

The primary impact from this construction will be the filling in of the existing channel as a part of the relocation of the unnamed tributary to the Waupecan Creek in LaSalle and Grundy County Illinois. The existing channel provides a collection point for runoff and discharge from surrounding farm fields and provides habitat for aquatic flora and fauna. By collecting this water it reduces nuisance flooding damages to adjacent property and maintains the functionality of the watershed.

## 2.1 LEGAL DESCRIPTION

The project location is shown on the plan cover sheet and a layman's description would be the east side of LaSalle County East 30<sup>th</sup> Road between N 17<sup>th</sup> and N 18<sup>th</sup> Road along the LaSalle Grundy county lines. All property affected by this project is on public Right of way managed by the Allen Township Highway Department.

## 2.2. BIOLOGICAL DATA ON SPECIES

The Slippershell mussel, Alasmidonta Viridis, is a small somewhat rectangular shell mussel with wavy green rays on the posterior half of the shell generally found in sand deposits and sandy mud in headwater streams. This species is widespread in the eastern U.S. and distributed from Lake Huron, St. Clair and Erie, and upper Mississippi River system, south to Ohio, Cumberland, and Tennessee River systems. It is considered stable throughout most of its range while being endangered in Illinois and Iowa and threatened in Wisconsin.

The Illinois Natural History Survey has provided an overview of the Slippershell mussel at:

http://wwx.inhs.illinois.edu/collections/mollusk/publications/guide/index/86 a copy of which is attached to this report.

## 2.3 DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITIES

The activity which will result in the taking of the endangered species is the filling in of the existing channel as part of the relocation of the waterway.

## 2.4 ANTICIPATED ADVERSE EFECTS

This filling of the channel will result in the mortality of any mussels left in the channel at the time of filling and will permanently destroy to suitability of the existing channel as habitat for the slippershell mussel.

## SECTION 3.0 MEASURES TO MINIMIZE AND MITIGATE THE IMPACT

## 3.1 PLANS TO MINIMIZE AREAS IMPACTED

In order to minimize the impact upon the mussels the extent of the channel length being relocated has been minimized to only those areas necessary for the safety improvements to the roadway. The existing waterway inside of the limits of construction between station 395+00 and 405+00 has a measured channel length of 1,016 feet. It has 6,440 square feet of area below the measured water surface. A biological survey of the channel in an area approximately 60 feet long by 5' wide turned up one slippershell mussel. Extrapolating this area to the entire channel being affected would yield a population of 21 slippershell mussels (1 mussel/300 sq feet over 6440 sq ft) in the area to be affected. This disruption to the habitat of the slippershell should be short lived as the construction plans include provisions to excavate the sediment in the existing channel and transfer it to the proposed channel to a depth of 12" transferring the majority of the mussels in the channel where they will find habitat that closely replicates the existing habitat they are currently in.

## 3.2 PLANS FOR MANAGEMENT OF AFFECTED AREAS

The new channel area will be completely inside of the public ROW both existing and newly acquired for this project. As this area is located inside of the flood plain and development is regulated by the LaSalle County Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance and the Grundy County floodplain restrictions contained in their zoning ordinance. Ownership and maintenance of the property will remain with the Allen Township Road Commissioner and they will ensure that the area in maintained as a protected channel surrounded by a vegetated native buffer area in the same manner as other stream areas that are maintained by Allen Township.

## 3.3 MEASURES TO BE IMPLEMENTED

To maximize the success rate of this transfer, during construction the Township Road Commissioner and the Resident Engineer will both monitor the actions of the contractor to verify the majority of the existing channel sediment has been transferred from the existing channel to the proposed channel. This work will also be restricted to time periods when the water temperature is favorable for reestablishment of the mussels in their new habitat, specifically when the water temperature is above 40 degrees Fahrenheit.

## 3.4 PLANS FOR MONITORING THE EFFECTS

While the area of construction is completely inside of the public ROW, the majority of the watershed is privately owned and used for agriculture. The township will on an annual basis inspect the waterway and remove trash, debris and excess silt to maintain the channel. However the greatest threat to this

habitat is from runoff or spills into the waterway from the upstream property owners. The township will make contact with the LaSalle County Soil and Water Conservation District to inform them of this project and partner with them to provide guidance to the upstream landowners about steps they can take to protect the stream channel.

## 3.5 ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

On this project adaptive management practices will be implemented to allow the township to monitor and improve the habitat over time to meet the changing needs of the flora and fauna. For example at this time the majority of the channel is silty mud with scattered sand and gravel deposits. As reductions in runoff occur from the surrounding fields the township will monitor the potential transition of the channel to greater percentages of sand and gravel with less silt. They will maintain contacts with the LaSalle County Soil Conservation Office, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources and the Illinois Natural History Department to modify and implement the current management practices relevant to channel maintenance as new methodologies are developed. Should the channel change in different ways, or other unexpected events occur in the new channel the township will discuss these changes with their contacts and continue to manage and monitor the channel in accordance with the best available information available at that time.

## 3.6 VERIFICATION OF SUFFICIENT FUNDING

The Allen Township Highway Department is a public entity with taxing authority. They will be the entity responsible for implementing this plan and maintaining these improvements into the future. The construction costs for these improvements will be included with the funding provided by the Illinois Commerce Commission as a part of their safe railroad crossings program. The anticipated cost of maintaining the proposed channel should be very similar to the costs of maintaining the existing channel and these costs are already included in the ongoing maintenance budget of Allen Township and therefore sufficient funding is available for the support and implementation of the mitigation plan.

## SECTION 4 CONSIDERED ALTERNATES

The primary purpose of this project is to improve safety for the public for the grade crossing between East 30<sup>th</sup> road and the Norfolk Southern Railroad. The number one safety issue is sight distance due to the sharp approach grades at crossing.

## 4.1 No Action Alternate

The first alternate considered was closing this crossing entirely. This would eliminate any impact to the waterway, but was rejected based upon comments received from the public that use this crossing as well as an analysis of the potential of this road to serve the surrounding population into the future as the center of an existing stretch of roadway extending 6.5 Miles north and 5 miles south of this crossing.

To keep the crossing open will require improved safety at this crossing. The biggest safety issue is the sight lines provided at the crossing. The roadway profile needs to be raised to create smoother approach grades with a longer tapered approach. This will increases the visibility of trains to approaching vehicles and also allows vehicles to observe oncoming traffic at the crossing and avoid sudden movements as vehicles come into view near the crossing.

## 4.2 Construction Alternates

To revise the approach three alternates were considered. The alternatives were as follows:

- 4.2.1 Shifting the roadway to the west to avoid any impact to the creek
- 4.2.2 Installing sheet pilings or retaining walls to limit the widening to the existing embankment footprint and avoiding relocation of the creek
- 4.2.3 Construct an earthen embankment and relocating the channel to the east.

Alternate 4.2.1 was rejected due to the need to keep the roadway centered on the county line and also due to the need to cross the RR tracks at the existing crossing.

Alternate 4.2.2 was considered and rejected due to the cost and safety issues involved with installing sheet pilings or retaining walls and guardrails at this location. Consideration was given to the long term maintenance of the retaining walls and the sheet pilings and the expense was not justified.

Alternate 4.2.3 is the selected alternate which meets the political, financial and esthetic needs of the owner and the public in the most efficient manner.

## SECTION 5 LIKELIHOOD OF SUVIVAL OF THE SPECIES

This proposed taking should not significantly reduce the likelihood of the survival of the species in the wild as slippershell mussels are found across a range in the United States stretching from Maine to South Dakota and from Georgia to Arkansas. While threatened in Illinois, the habitat being lost as a part of this project is being recreated at approximately the same location and will serve the same function. This particular stream is an intermittent stream and in discussions

with Edward Dewalt of the Prairie Research Institute at the Illinois Natural History Survey he expressed his opinion that as this stream is intermittent most likely the specimen found at this location was an offspring of a larger community dwelling in the Waupecan Creek. Every few years there will be a drought and this stream will completely dry up and all mussels in this reach will die. This is a natural occurrence and one that the slippershell has evolved to deal with as a part of their natural environment. When the drought ends this unnamed tributary will be flooded again and a direct connection to the mussel reservoir in the Waupecan creek will be restored allowing mussels to again colonize this tributary. This occurs as the glochidia are transported up this tributary by fish and drop off into suitable habitat creating a new colony. Then at some time after that the creek will again dry up and wipe out the new mussel colony starting the cycle over again. This construction project should not wipe out all of the mussels in this stretch of the channel, but if it does it will mimic a natural occurrence that the mussels have evolved to survive.

A second check on the survivability of the species led to the finding that the slippershell mussel is not considered at risk of failure to survive in the wild in Illinois. The International union for Conservation of Nature says that the "Alasmidonta viridis has been assessed as Least Concern due to its wide distribution and lack of threat processes impacting its global population. However, this species is listed as Threatened in many states and is Vulnerable under American Fisheries Society classification and populations demonstrate local declines, thus requiring careful future monitoring." Based upon the limited geographic impact from this project, there is only a minor potential impact to the overall population of this species and its survival in Illinois.

## SECTION 6 IMPLEMENTATION AGREEMENT

This plan is agreed to by the following:

Bill Bergeson, Roadway Commissioner, Allen Township.

Specifically the Road Commissioner is agreeing too:

Monitor the construction of these improvements and minimize the mortality of the slippershell musses living in the channel. At a minimum during construction the site will be checked weekly to assure compliance by the contractor with the plans.

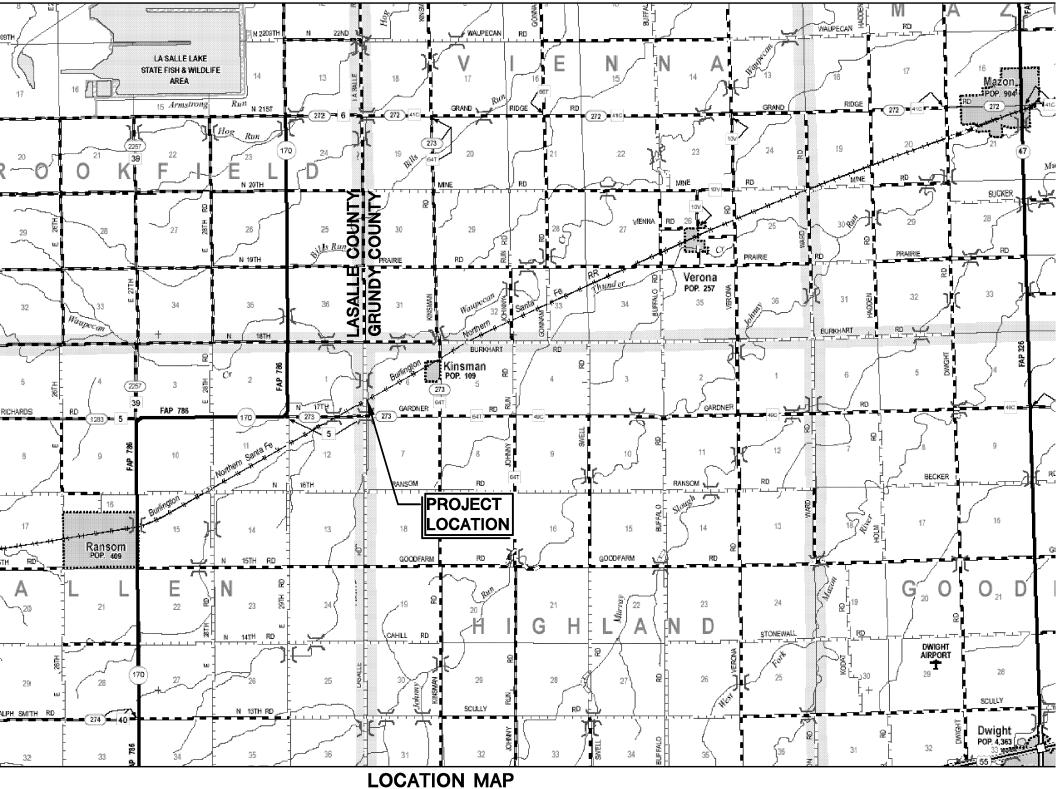
Provide the IEPA with monthly progress reports during construction verifying that the plan is being implemented. This work should begin in April of 2014 and be complete by July of 2014.

Maintain the channel into the future and take steps to react to changes in the watershed and channel to meet the needs of the flora and fauna existing in the channel. This will be on going work over the life of the improvements and into the future.

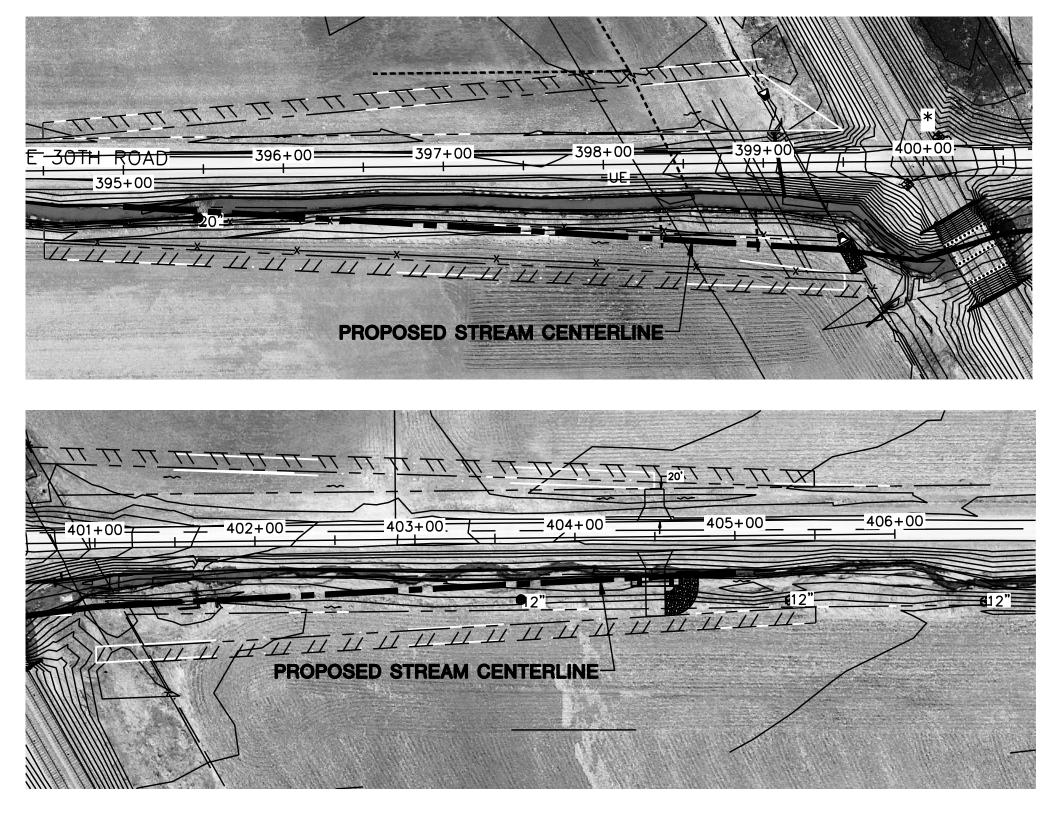
Verify that the construction is in compliance with the requirements of:

The Army Corp of Engineers, Rock Island District The Illinois Department of Natural Resources The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency The LaSalle County Highway Department

This compliance will be verified during the weekly inspections and final compliance will be assured at the end of the construction as a part of the project closeout prior to issuing final payment to the contractor.



LOCATION MAP NO SCALE



# ALLEN ROAD DISTRICT IMPROVEMENT

## EAST 30th ROAD

PART OF THE SE1/4, SECTION 1, T.31N., R.5E., 3P.M., LASALLE COUNTY, ILLINOIS AND SW1/4, SECTION 6, T.31N., R.6E., 3P.M., GRUNDY COUNTY, ILLINOIS

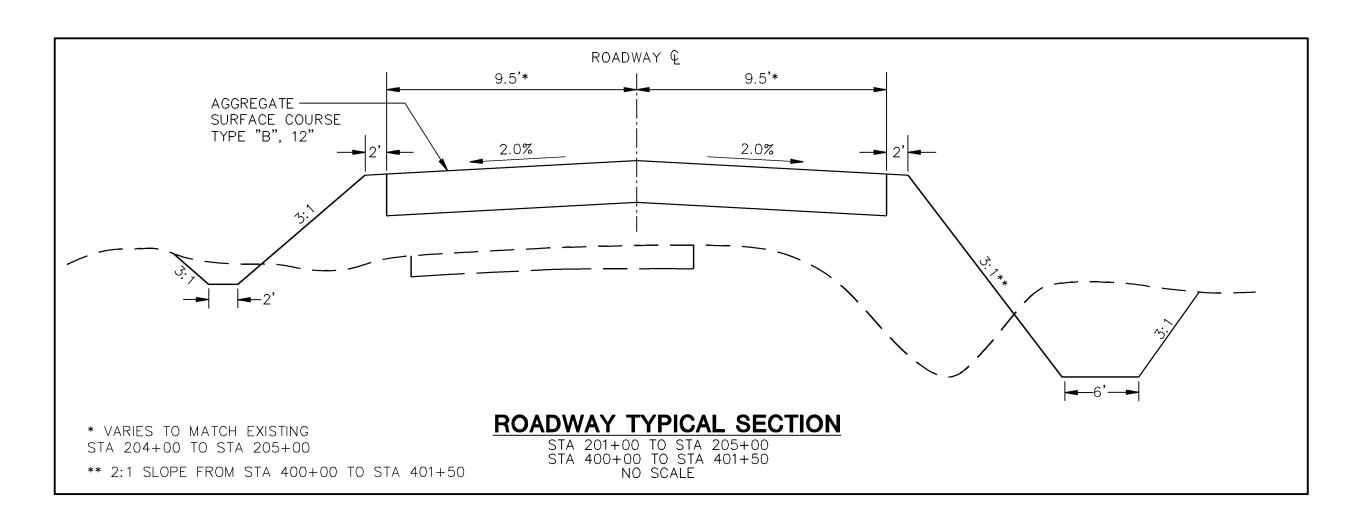
RANSOM, IL 61470

OWNER: ALLEN TOWNSHIP KEN ARRIGO TOWNSHIP ROAD COMMISIONER P.O. BOX 231

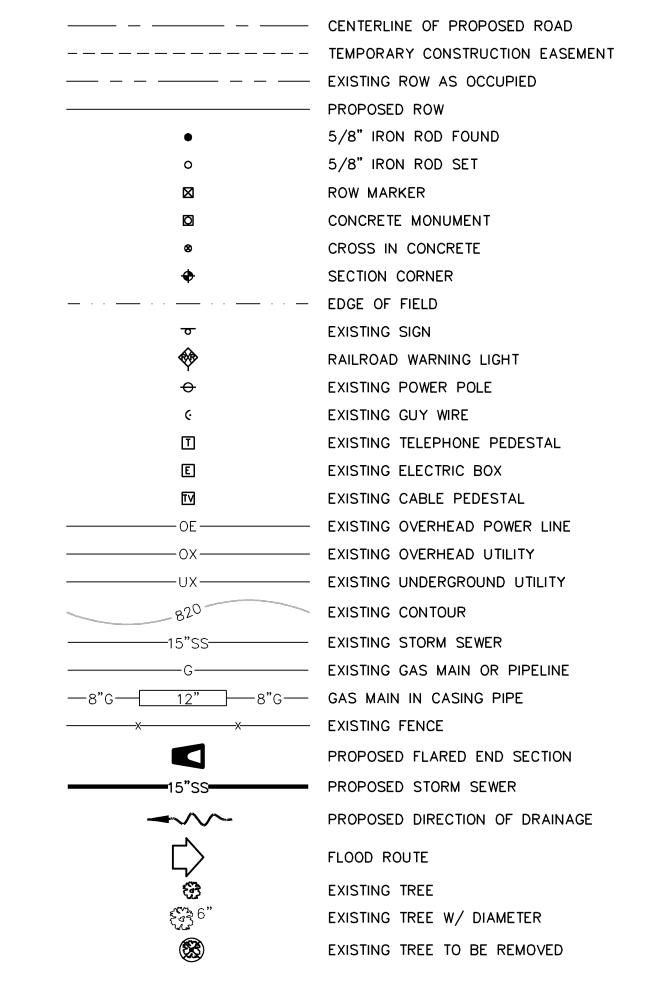
# STATE FISH & WILDLIFE PROJECT LOCATION G 0 0 D LOCATION MAP

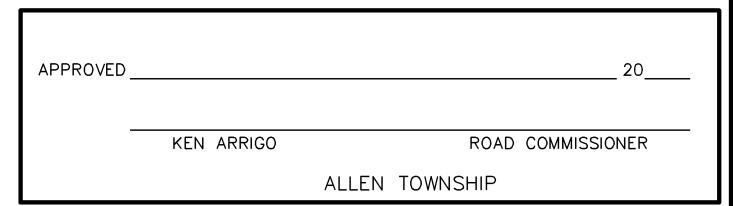
BEGINNING STATION=394+50 END STATION =405+50OMMISSION FOR BNSF RR CROSSING #4453F STA. 399+80 TO STA. 400+20

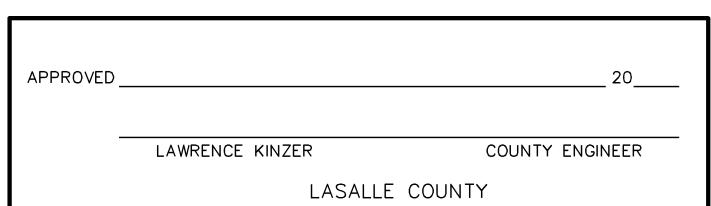
TOTAL LENGTH: 1100 FEET (0.21 MILES) 40 FEET (0.01 MILES) OMISSION LENGTH: LENGTH OF IMPROVEMENT: 1060 FEET (0.20 MILES)

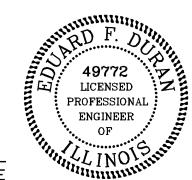


## LEGEND









EDUARD F. DURAN

I.L.P.E. #49772

DATE LICENSE EXPIRES 11/30/2011

## CALL J.U.L.I.E. BEFORE YOU DIG: 811 AND 1-800-892-0123

CAPPED IRON ROD STA 393+60.97, 9.01' RT. ELEV. 646.57

CAPPED IRON ROD STA 408+91.32, 13.59' LT. ELEV. 645.84

**INDEX OF SHEETS** 

CROSS SECTIONS STA 394+00 TO STA 397+50

CROSS SECTIONS STA 403+00 TO STA 406+00

**EROSION CONTROL PLAN & DETAILS** 

CROSS SECTIONS STA 398+00 TO STA 399+23.68 CROSS SECTIONS STA 399+50 TO STA 402+50

**Summary of Quantities** 

Quantity

2058

5761

200

200

67.1

67.1

1496

CU YD

CU YD

ACRE

ACRE

POUND

POUND

POUND

EACH

EACH

FOOT

SQYD

SQYD

TON

FOOT

**FOOT** 

**FOOT** 

**EACH** 

FOOT

EACH CU YD

**FOOT** EACH

FOOT

EACH

LSUM

LSUM

PLAN AND PROFILE PLAN

**SUBJECT** 

**COVER SHEET** 

Description

MULCH

FILTER FABRIC

8" FIELD TILE

SECTIONS

BENCHMARK #3:

BENCHMARK #4:

TRENCH BACKFILL

RAILROAD FLAGGER

EARTH EXCAVATION

FURNISHED EXCAVATION

SEEDING, CLASS 3 SLOPE MIXTURE

PHOSPHORUS FERTILIZER NUTRIENT

NITROGEN FERTILIZER NUTRIENT

POTASSIUM FERTILIZER NUTRIENT

INLET AND PIPE PROTECTION

TEMPORARY DITCH CHECKS

PERMIETER EROSION BARRIER

3 STRAND BARBED WIRE FENCE

24" CORRUGATED METAL PIPE

24" METAL END SECTIONS

REMOVE EXISTING FENCE

REMOVE EXISTING CULVERTS

REMOVE EXISTING FIELD TILE

STONE DUMPED RIPRAP, CLASS B4

AGGREGATE SURFACE COURSE TYPE B

6' X 3' PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT

REMOVE EXISTING CONCRETE ABUTMENT

RAILROAD PROTECTIVE LIABILITY INSURANCE

6' X 3' PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERT END

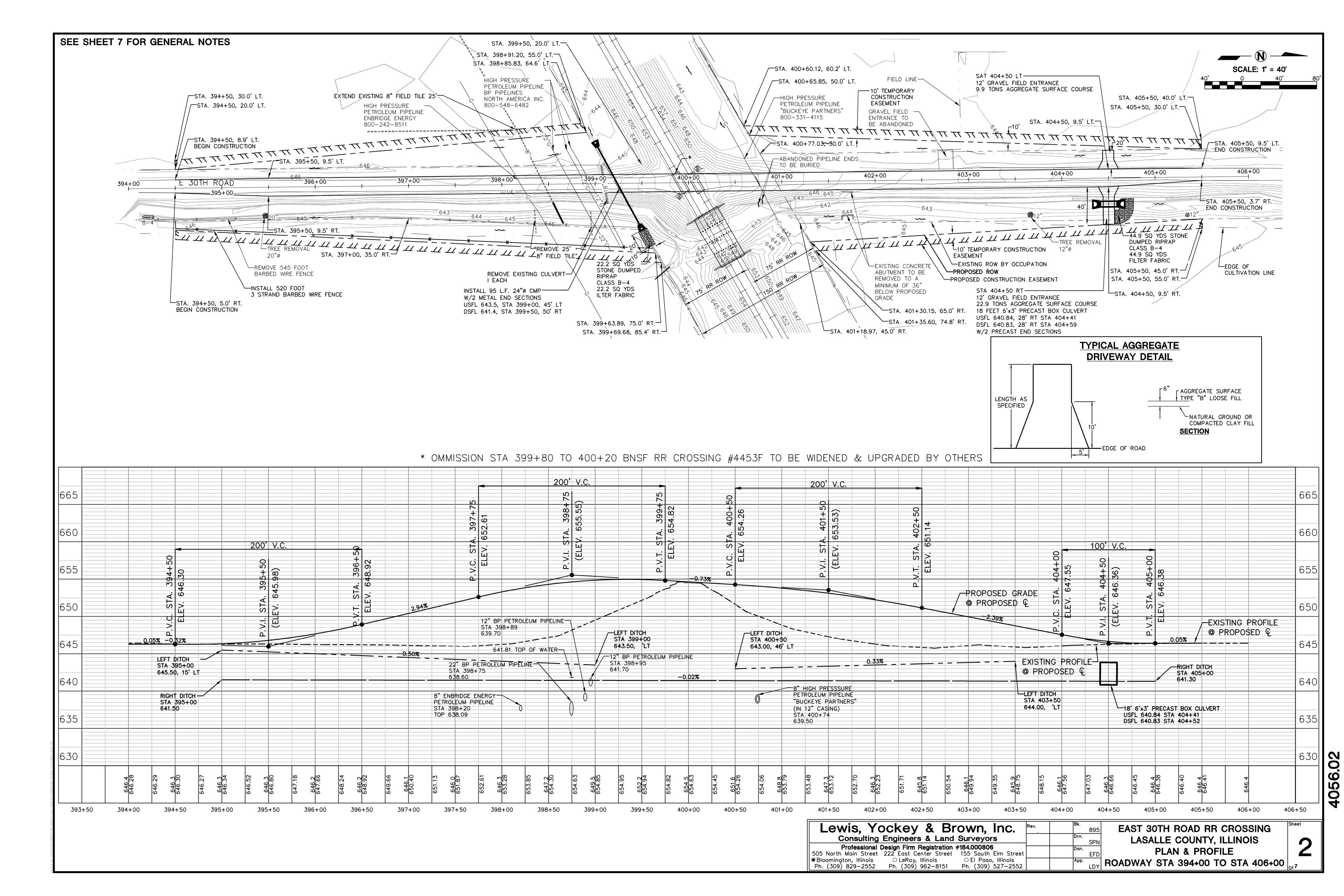
SHEET No.

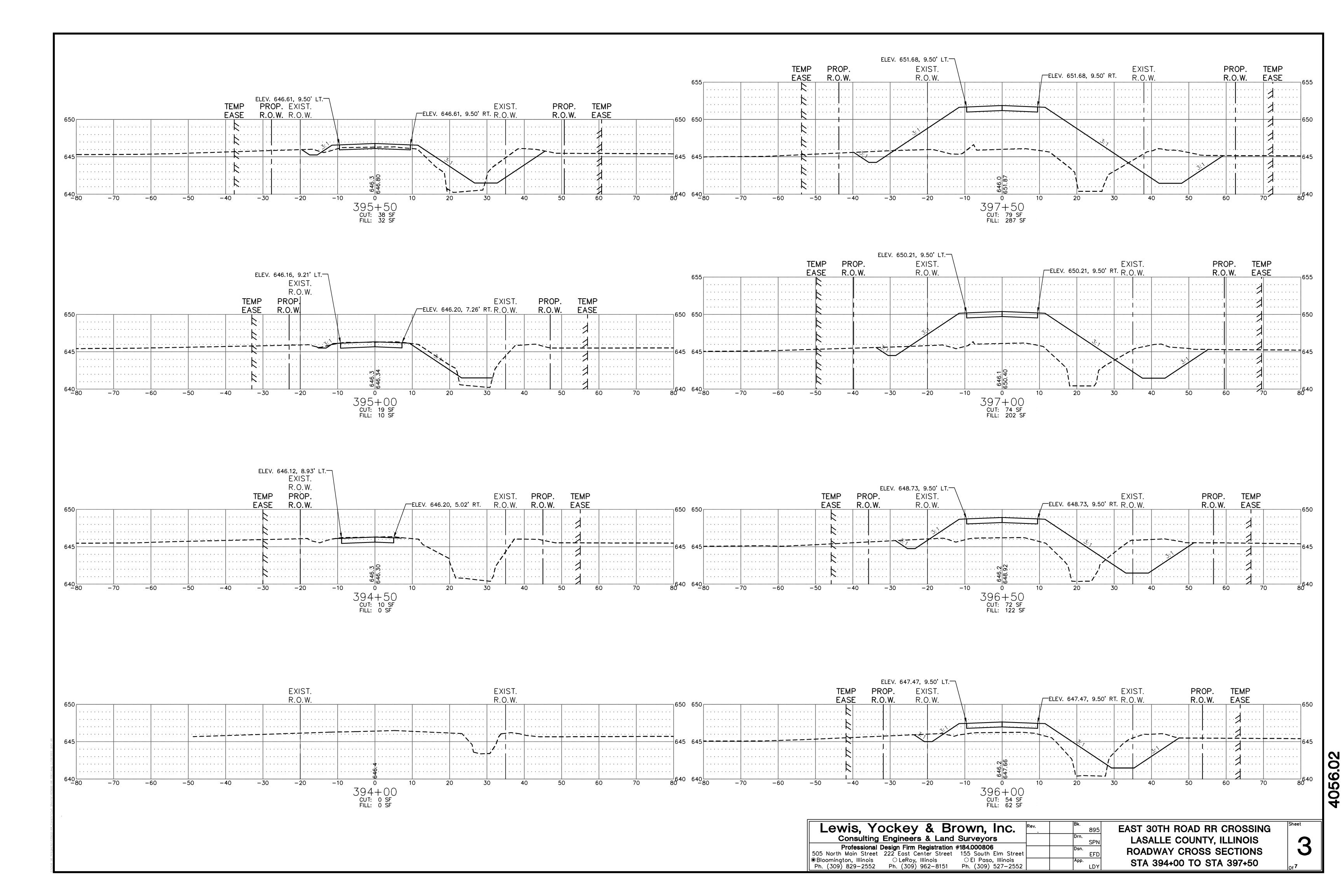
THE CONTRACTOR(S) SHALL CONTACT ALL UTILITY COMPANIES, INCLUDING THE OWNER, FOR THE LOCATIONS OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. THE LOCATIONS, SIZES, AND ELEVATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE PLAN MAY BE INCOMPLETE AND ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR(S) SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR KEEPING EXISTING UTILITIES IN SERVICE AND PROMPTLY REPAIRING ANY WHICH ARE DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION AT NO COST TO THE OWNER.

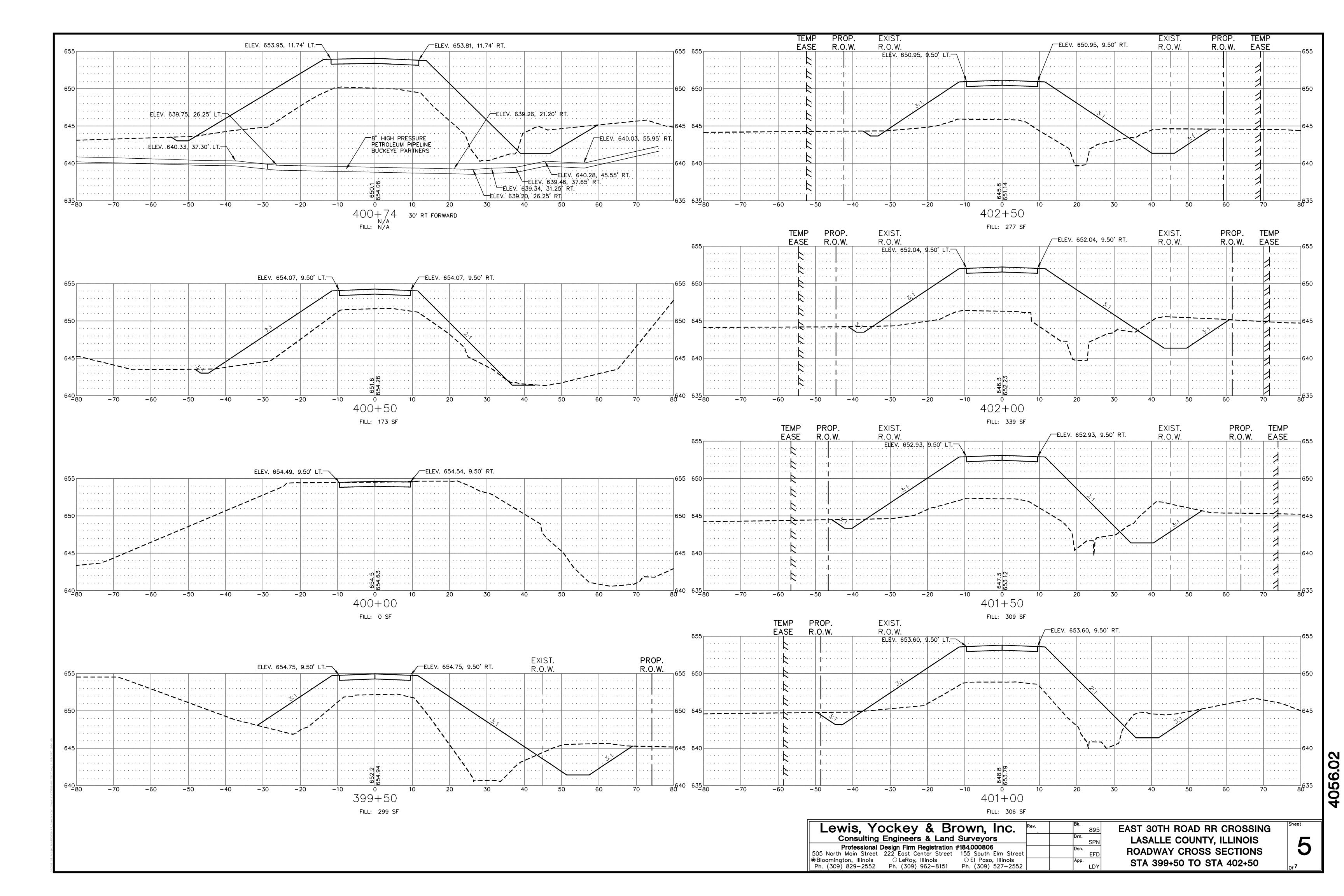
CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT BUCKEYE PETROLEUM PIPELINE RIGHT OF WAY AGENT JOMARIE JENKINS AT 1-610-904-4138 PRIOR TO STARTING ANY FILL OR EXCAVATION WITHIN 25' OF THE EXISTING FACILITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS. NO VIBRATORY EQUIPMENT LARGER THAN WALK BEHIND UNITS SHALL BE USED WITHIN 25' OF THE PIPELINE.

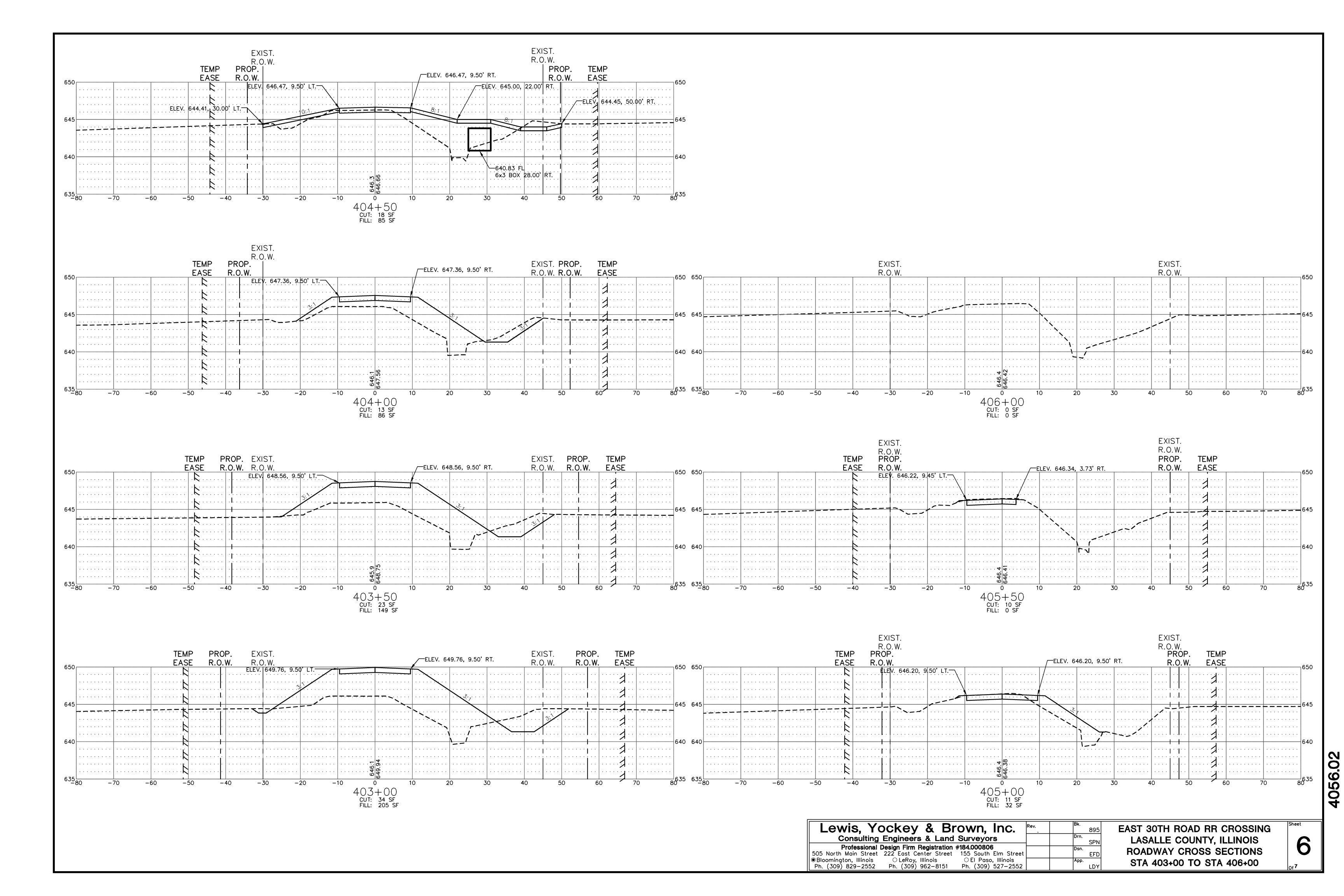
Lewis, fockey a brown, inc.	Rev.	<u> </u>	95	EAST 30TH ROAD RR CROSSING
Consulting Engineers & Land Surveyors		Drn. SF	PN	LASALLE COUNTY, ILLINOIS
Professional Design Firm Registration #184.000806 505 North Main Street 222 East Center Street 155 South Elm Street		Dsn.	:FD	COVER SHEET
<ul> <li>●Bloomington, Illinois</li> <li>○ LeRoy, Illinois</li> <li>○ El Paso, Illinois</li> <li>○ Ph. (309) 829-2552</li> <li>○ Ph. (309) 962-8151</li> <li>○ Ph. (309) 527-2552</li> </ul>		App.	DY	OOVER SHEET

4056.0

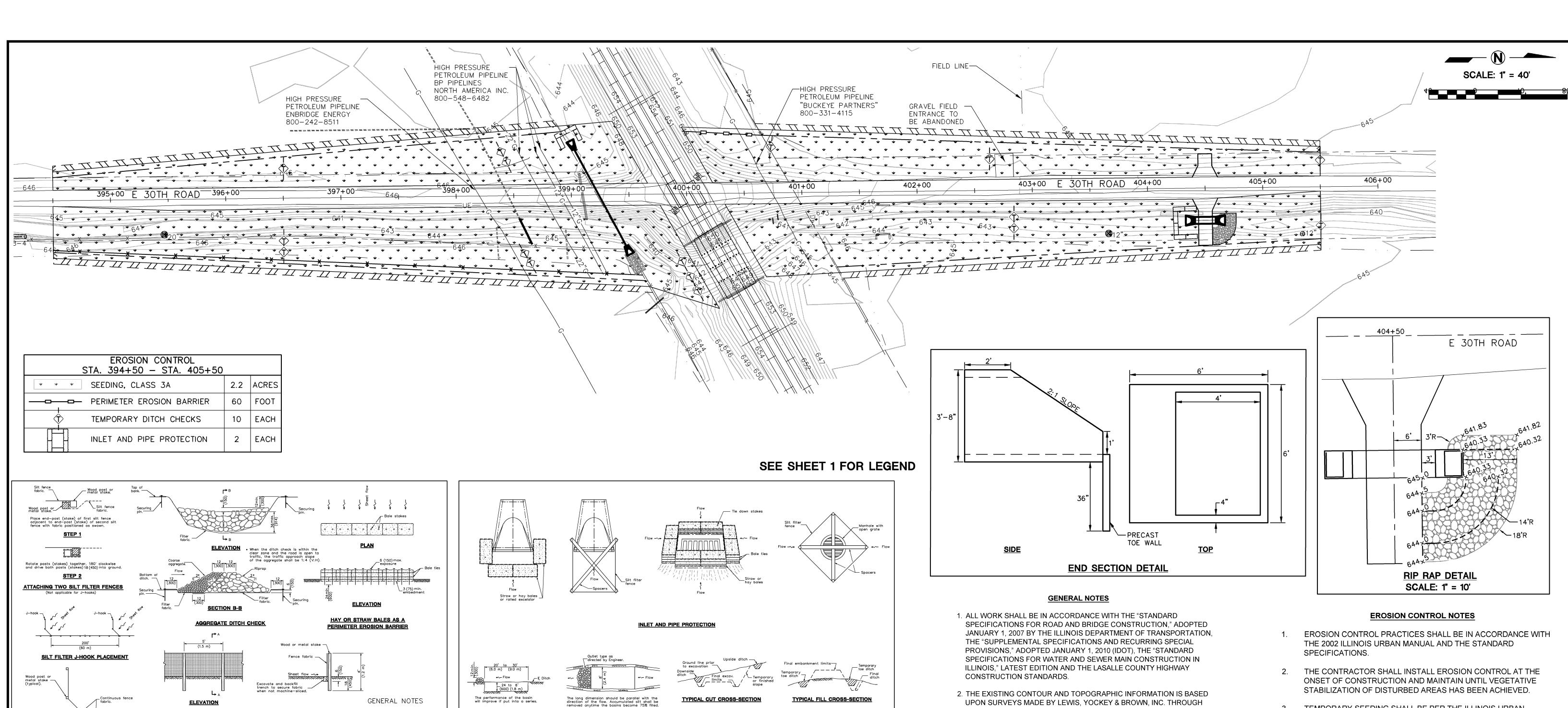












TEMPORARY DITCHES FOR **CUT & FILL SECTIONS** 

END VIEW

SIDE VIEW

TYPE 4
(See Note 3)

END SECTION

TYPE 3

(See Note 2)

CONNECTIONS OF END SECTIONS

TEMPORARY EROSION

CONTROL SYSTEMS

STANDARD 280001-05

NOTES

For 60 (1500) thru 84 (2250) sizes, reinforced edges shall be supplemented with stiffener angles. The angles shall be 2x2x4 (51x51x6.4) for 60 (1500) thru 72 (1800) diameter and 2½x2½x½ (64x64x6.4) for 78 (1950) thru 84 (2250 diameter. The angles shall be attached by ½ (M10) rivets or bolts.

All slope ratios are expressed as units of vertical displacement to units of horizontal displacement (V: H).

The installation details and dimensions shown for perimeter erosion barriers shall also apply for inlet and pipe protection.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.

TEMPORARY EROSION

CONTROL SYSTEMS

STANDARD 280001-05

GENERAL NOTES

Type III Barricades and R11-4-6030 signs shall be positioned as shown in the "Road Closed To All Traffic" detail on Highway Standard 701901. If the distance "D" exceeds 2000' (600 m), an additional set of barricades and R11-4-6030 shall be placed at each end of the work area.

Two Type A Low Intensity Flashing Lights shall be used on each approach in advance of the work area. One light shall be installed above each barricade. If only one barricade is required, the other light shall be installed above the first advance warning sign.

All signs shall be post mounted if the closure time exceeds four days.

All warning signs shall have minimum dimer sions of 36 x 36 (900 x 900) and have a black legend on an orange reflectorized background.

When fluorescent signs are used, orange flags are not required.

Longitudinal dimensions may be adjusted to fit field conditions.

CONTROL DEVICES FOR CONSTRUCTION
ON RURAL LOCAL HIGHWAYS

STANDARD B.L.R. 22-6

**CONDITION II** 

APPROACH TRAFFIC

DOES NOT STOP

W20-3(0)-36

**ELEVATION** 

(1.63) (180) (205) (150) (160) (170) (170) (163) (205) (255) (150) (785) (915) (152) (163) (206) (205) (255) (150) (785) (915) (195) (1965 m) (1.21/2) (1.63) (230) (305) (150) (1915) (1.065 m) (1.21/2) (1.63) (230) (305) (150) (1040 m) (1.220 m) (1.63) (255) (330) (150) (1.040 m) (1.220 m) (1.21/2) (1.63) (255) (330) (150) (1.040 m) (1.220 m) (1.21/2) (1.63) (255) (330) (1.50) (1.040 m) (1.220 m) (1.21/2) (1.63) (2.01) (305) (405) (205) (1.295 m) (1.525 m) (1.525 m) (1.21/2) (1.01/2)

TYPE 1

For 12 (300) thru
24 (600) only
(See Note 1)

<u>PLAN</u>

SEDIMENT BASIN

(Approx.) BODY (V:H)

1:2½ 1 Pc.

1: 2½ 1 Pc.

1:2½ 1 Pc.

1; 2½ 1 Pc.

1: 2½ 1 Pc.

1: 2½ 2 Pc.

1: 2½ 2 Pc.

1:2¼ 2 Pc. 1:2 2 Pc.

1:1¾ 3 Pc.

1:1½ 3 Pc.

1:11/<sub>3</sub> 3 Pc.

TYPE 2

For 30 (750) and 36 (900) only (See Note 1)

**ALTERNATE STRAP CONNECTOR** 

(For Type 1 anly)

1 (25) wide, 0.109 (2.77) thick

SECTION A-A

SILT FILTER FENCE AS A

PERIMETER EROSION BARRIER

CONDITION I

**(=** 

W20-3(0)-36

ROAD CLOSED AHEAD

ROAD CLOSED 500 FT

APPROACH TRAFFIC STOPPED

STOP (Existing)

Type III Barricade

Sign with 18x18 (450x450) min.

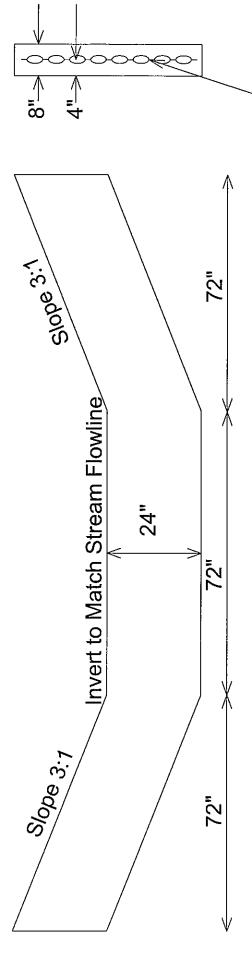
- UPON SURVEYS MADE BY LEWIS, YOCKEY & BROWN, INC. THROUGH OCTOBER 2010.
- 3. ALL STATIONING ON THE PLANS IS REFERENCED TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE PROPOSED ROADWAY.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE EXTREME CARE IN THIS CONSTRUCTION TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC'S PROPERTY, HEALTH AND SAFETY. ANY DAMAGE TO PROPERTY, FENCES, LANDSCAPING, STREETS, EXISTING UTILITIES, STORM SEWERS, DRAINAGE WAYS, ETC. AS A RESULT OF THIS CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPAIRED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNER OF SAME AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING EXISTING FIELD ENTRANCES.
- 6. CONSTRUCTION RUBBLE. DEBRIS AND OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIALS GENERATED BY CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE BY THE CONTRACTOR AT THEIR EXPENSE AND DISPOSED IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 7. BORROW EXCAVATION REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT THE IMPROVEMENTS TO PROPOSED ELEVATIONS SHALL BE FURNISHED AND PLACED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS EXPENSE.
- 8. ALL EARTHEN AREAS DISTURBED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS RECEIVE A MINIMUM OF (4) FOUR INCHES OF TOPSOIL. THIS ITEM INCLUDE TOPSOIL FURNISHED AND PLACED TO THE PROPOSED AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE PLANS. TOPSOIL PLACEMENT SHALL PAID FOR SEPARATELY AND SHALL BE INCLUDED IN ROADWAY 'ATION AND EMBANKMENT QUANTITIES.
- ONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING DRAINAGE JGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. ALL ROADSIDE ES SHALL BE GRADED TO DRAIN.

- TEMPORARY SEEDING SHALL BE PER THE ILLINOIS URBAN MANUAL.
- ALL DISTURBED EARTHEN AREAS AND TOPSOIL AREAS WITHIN PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED (METHOD 2) ACCORDING TO SECTIONS 250 AND 251 OF THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. SEEDING AND MULCHING SHALL BE PAID FOR PER ACRE. SEEDING SHALL BE CLASS 3 SLOPE MIXTURE. SEEDING WILL NOT BE PERMITTED AT ANY TIME WHEN THE GROUND IS FROZEN, WET OR IN AN UNTILLABLE CONDITION. SEED BED PREPARATION SHALL BE INCIDENTAL.
- ALL FERTILIZER NUTRIENTS (NITROGEN, PHOSPHORUS AND POTASSIUM) SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 90 POUNDS EACH PER ACRE OF SEEDING AREAS.
- EROSION CONTROL OTHER THAN THAT SHOWN ON THE PLANS, WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED TO PREVENT THE EROSION OR WASHING OF DIRT ONTO ADJACENT LANDS, PUBLIC ROADS OR INTO GRASS WATERWAYS OR DITCHES SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO THE CONTRACT.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE STRAW BALE DIKES AROUND EXISTING STORM DRAINAGE STRUCTURES WHEN EXISTING STRUCTURES ARE LOCATED DOWNSTREAM OF STORM WATER RUNOFF TO PREVENT SILT AND DEBRIS FROM ENTERING STRUCTURES.
- ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL COMPLY WITH THE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN AS PREPARED FOR THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADMINISTERING THE PLAN.

	0. ALL LA
NOTES	SHALL F SHALL II
1. Types 1 and 2 for pipes with annular ends only.	LINES A
Type 3 connection may be used for all pipe sizes and includes 12 (300) of the pipe length. The connector section shall be attached to the end section by rivets or bolts and shall be the same metal thickness as the end section. Stub	NOT BE EXCAVA
shall be either 2 ½ (68) pitch x ½ (13) depth or 3 (75) pitch x 1 (25) depth annular carrugated pipe.	9. THE CO
3. Type 4 connection can be used for all pipe sizes. Coupler shall be 2 ½ x½ (68x13) dimple, hugger, or annular band of 3x1 (75x25). The dimple, hugger, or annular band may be used with corrugated metal pipes having annular ends. For corrugated metal pipes	THROUG DITCHE:
having helical ends, only the dimple band will be allowed.  All dimensions are in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise shown.	Lewi Cor
METAL END SECTION FOR PIPE CULVERTS	Pro 505 North Mo
STANDARD 542401-01	Ph. (309) 82

Yockey & Brown, Inc. nsulting Engineers & Land Surveyors ofessional Design Firm Registration #184.000806 ain Street 222 East Center Street 155 South Elm Street EFD ○ LeRoy, Illinois ○ El Paso, Illinois | Ph. (309) 829-2552 Ph. (309) 962-8151 Ph. (309) 527-2552

EAST 30TH ROAD RR CROSSING LASALLE COUNTY, ILLINOIS **EROSION CONTROL PLAN** & DETAILS



1.2 Cu Yds of Class SI Concrete required. Concrete may be direct deposited into a trench and forming will not be required.

Welded wire Fabric Weighing not less than 58 lbs per 100 square ft.

# Concrete Erosion Control Structure Station 495+00 Rt and 505+00 Rt

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## Alasmidonta viridis (Rafinesque, 1820)

## Slippershell mussel



Alasmidonta viridis, INHS 7866. Baker Creek, Kankakee County, Illinois.

Length: 1.4 inches (3.6 cm).

Other common names None.

**Key characters** Small, somewhat rectangular shell, high posterior ridge, wavy green rays on posterior half of the

shell, poorly developed lateral teeth.

Similar species Elktoe.

**Description** Shell small (usually about an inch), somewhat inflated, thin in young individuals to moderately thick in adults. Anterior end rounded,

posterior end squared or truncated. Posterior ridge high and rounded, posterior slope flattened. Ventral margin straight or slightly arched. Umbos full and elevated above the hinge line. Beak sculpture of three or four elevated ridges or loops. Shell smooth to rough and yellowish green with numerous wavy green rays, particularly on the posterior half of the shell. Length to 1.5 inches (3.8 cm).

Pseudocardinal teeth triangular; two in the left valve, one in the right. Lateral teeth poorly developed, generally appearing as a slight swelling along the hinge line. Beak cavity moderately deep. Nacre white, iridescent on the posterior third of the shell.

Habitat Creeks and the headwaters of large rivers in sand, mud, or fine gravel.

Status Endangered in Illinois and Iowa. Threatened in Wisconsin.





## **Illinois Natural History Survey**

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